**NOVEMBER 21, 2024** 

## The FDESLT

A Solution for Rapid Siting and Licensing Assessments of EO Facilities

Rhys Centin
Project Engineer
Thornton Tomasetti Pty Ltd



## THORNTON TOMASETTI GLOBALLY



1,800+

ENGINEERS, ARCHITECTS, SCIENTISTS AND OTHER PROFESSIONALS

150+

**WORKED IN** 

45+
offices

#### TT - AUSTRALIA

- Over 20 Staff Across 3 Sites Melbourne, Canberra & Perth
- Melbourne and Canberra Defence Portfolio
  - Advanced Analysis Capabilities
    - Air Blast, UNDEX CFD
    - Solid mechanics FEA, shock, vibration, impact, etc.
  - Protective Design
    - Magazine design and certification
    - Safety case development, consulting services
  - Test and Evaluation Capabilities
    - Naval shock testing JASSO
- Perth Complimentary Portfolios
  - Nuclear, Oil and Gas and Other Hazardous Industries

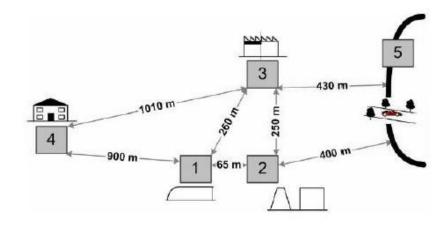
#### PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

- 1. Background Information Why the FDESLT?
- 2. Roadmap, Current State of Play
- 3. Primary Build Released to Defence Phase 1
- 4. Phase 1 Capability Demo
- 5. Phase 2 Capability Delivery
- 6. Future Capability & Stakeholder Engagement

#### FDESLT BACKGROUND

#### Why the FDESLT?

- DOS Identified requirement for a EO safety software tool
- <u>'Field Deployable'</u>: rapid + automated EO siting and licensing
- Examples of requirements:
  - Enable rapid assessments of magazine siting in theatre
  - Different functionality for different users
  - DPN compatible, windows OS, minimum GPU intensity
  - Incorporate AU (DEOP101) and International (AASTP) standards/best practices



'Layout of Example Storage Complex' from DEOP101 [1]



EO Siting and Licensing Publications – AASTP-1 [2] (left) and DEOP101 [1] (right)

#### FDESLT TIMELINE

#### Phase 0

Pre-2023



- Approach Market
- Engage with Vendors
- Distil SOW
- ID Minimum
   Viable Capability

#### Phase 1

Q3 2023 – Q1 2024



- Deliver Min. Viable Capability
- Backbone of full capability tool
- Provide DEOP Reg 5.6 output
- Ensure siting function is 'dynamic'

#### Phase 2

Q3 2024 - Q2 2025



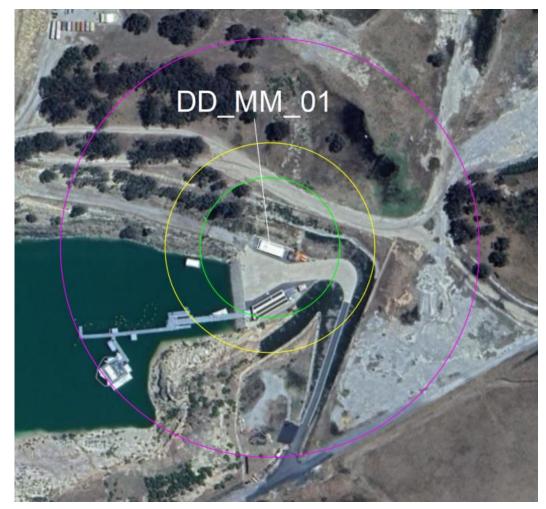
- Rebuild graphics processing/UI
- Add Reg 5.4 of DEOP101
- Add AASTP-1 ruleset
- Incorporate risk assessment functionality

## Future Phases Q2 2025 onwards

- ???
- Require stakeholder input now

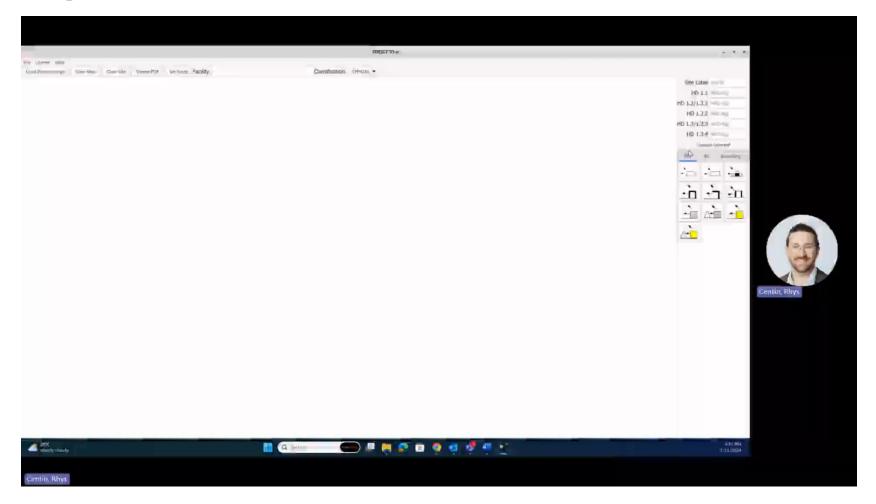
#### **Minimum Viable Capability**

- Capable of importing image files as siting overlay
- 'Dynamic' user functionality
  - Click and drag PES/ES positions
  - Update PES/ES properties
- Produce DEOP Reg 5.6 Safeguarding Output
  - Green (PTRD), Yellow (IBD) & Purple Lines (VBD)
  - .PDF summary file output



Safeguarding in Regional VIC, Demo Output from FDESLT

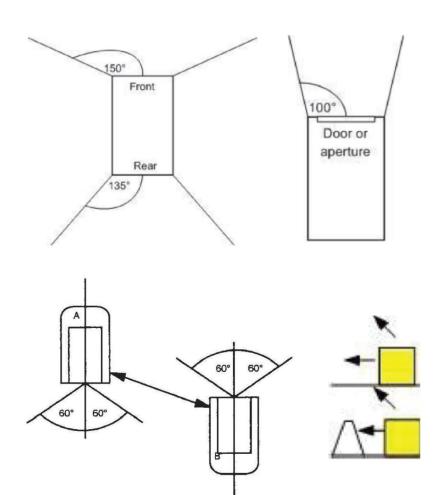
#### Safeguarding Demo Video – Defence Establishment Orchard Hills



#### **Key Feature – New Graphics Engine**

Phase 1 was a good proof of capability, BUT

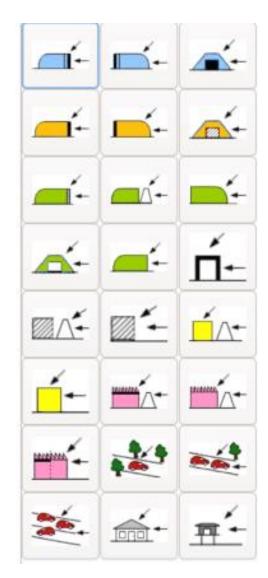
- New graphics engine for better raytracing between PES-ES
- Auto-detect distance between PES-ES
- Detect angles between front, side, rear walls of ECB and ES
- Retain 'dynamic' click + drag functionality for siting



Excerpts from DEOP101 [1] Reg 5.4

#### **Updated Rulesets**

- Phase 1 only contained Reg 5.6 distances (PTRD, IBD, VBD)
- Inclusion of the following regulations:
  - DEOP101 [1], Reg 5.4 Annex A QDs for Aboveground Storage
  - DEOP101 [1], Reg 5.4 Annex H QDs for Field Storage
  - AASTP-1 [2], Part I Annex I-A Aboveground Storage
  - AASTP-5 [3], Paragraph 2.6 Field Distances



Pictographs of ES, taken from the FDESLT

<sup>[2] –</sup> MSIAC, 2023, AASTP-1 ed C ver 1 [3] – MSIAC, 2016, AASTP-5 ed 1 ver 3

**Thornton Tomasetti** 

#### **New AASTP-1 Aboveground Storage Distances**

• BD, DFD, P1D, P2D and TD all included

Table 1 – Earth Covered Magazine from AASTP-1 [2]

PES → E S U	EFFECT	Earth covered magazine. Directional effects through the door and headwall are away from an Exposed Site.	Earth covered magazine. Directional effects through the door and headwall are perpendicular to the direction of an ES. (b)	Earth covered magazine. Directional effects through the door and headwall are towards an Exposed Site (c)	See introduction for full instructions and calculation tables for full formula.  1. Select correct PES/ES interaction.  2. Use HD/SsD table to determine applicable calculations  3. Use HD/SsD table to determine quantity, either NEQ or MCE  4. Use associated formula for min Distance or max Quantity.  HD / SsD						
					1.1	1.2.1	1.2.2	1.2.3	1.3.1	1.3.2	1.6
<b>—</b>	BLAST	BD3 Virtually complete	BD3 Virtually complete	BD4 Virtually complete	NEQ	MCE		MCE			MCE
1 Standard NATO ECM, designed for 7 bar in accordance with Part 2, with the door facing away from PES	DEBRIS & FRAG	protection 1.3.3.5 No primary explosives	protection 1.3.3.5 No primary explosives	protection 1.3.3.5 No primary explosives	NEQ	MCE		MCE			MCE
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	PROG' 1.2.1	Not applicable (see 1.3.1.11)	Not applicable (see 1.3.1.11)	Not applicable (see 1.3.1.11)		NEQ					
	PROG' 1.2.2	Not applicable (see 1.3.1.11)	Not applicable (see 1.3.1.11)	Not applicable (see 1.3.1.11)			NEQ				
	THERMAL 1.3.1	No QD Virtually Complete Protection	No QD Virtually Complete Protection	25m Virtually Complete Protection 10m High degree of protection					NEQ		
	THERMAL 1.3.2	No QD Virtually Complete Protection	No QD Virtually Complete Protection	No QD Virtually Complete Protection				NEQ		NEQ	NEQ

Thornton Tomasetti [2] – MSIAC, 2023, AASTP-1 ed C ver 1

# **Quantitative Explosive Risk Assessments (Semi or Fully)**

- If QD cannot be met?
- We need to quantify the residual levels of risk
- Incorporate AASTP-4 Part II [5] Info.
- Risk assessment info in AASTP-5 [3] for field use
- Work in progress to align with Defence Policy

#### Defence WHS Risk Matrix from the DPN Intranet [4]

Consequence descriptors  Likelihood descriptors		Minor	Moderate	Major	Critical	Catastrophic (E) Multiple fatalities OR 10 or more injuries / illnesses categorised as 'critical'.	
		(A) Minor injury or illness that is treatable in the workplace (first aid) OR by a registered health practitioner, with no follow up treatment required.	(B)  Injury or illness causing no permanent disability, which requires non-emergency medical attention by a registered health practitioner OR 10 or more injuries or illnesses categorised as 'minor'.	(C) Serious injury or illness requiring immediate admission to hospital as an inpatient and/or permanent partial disability OR 10 or more injuries/linesses categorised as 'moderate'.	(D) Single fatality and / or permanent total disability OR 10 or more injuries or illnesses categorized as 'major'.		
Almost certain (5)	Activity: Expected to occur during the planned activity, Is known to occur frequently in similar activities.  System: Expected to occur several times a year or often during the system life-cycle, is known to occur frequently in similar systems being used in the same role and operating environment.	(A5) LOW	(B5) MEDIUM	(C5) HIGH	(D5) VERY HIGH	(E5) VERY HIGH	
Probable (4)	Activity: Expected to occur in most circumstances, but is not certain. Is known to have occurred previously in similar activities. System: Expected to occur on ornore times per year or several times in the system life cycle. Is known to occur previously but is not certain to occur.	(A4) LOW	(B4) MEDIUM	(C4) HIGH	(D4) HIGH	(E4) VERY HIGH	
Occasional (3)	Activity: Not expected to occur during the planned activity. Sporadic but not uncommon.  System: Expected to occur less than once per year or infrequently during system life cycle.	(A3) VERY LOW	(B3) LOW	(C3) MEDIUM	(D3) HIGH	(E3) HIGH	
Improbable (2)	Activity: Not expected to occur during the planned activity. Occurrence conceivable but considered uncommon.  System: Not expected to occur, but possible to experience one or more events during the system life cycle.	(A2) VERY LOW	(B2) VERY LOW	(C2) LOW	(D2) MEDIUM	(E2) MEDIUM	
Rare (1)	Activity: Not expected to occur during the planned activity. Occurrence conceivable but not expected to occur. System: Only expected to occur in rare or exceptional circumstances or no more than once during the system life cycle.	(A1) VERY LOW	(B1) VERY LOW	(C1) VERY LOW	(D1) LOW	(E1) LOW	

#### **FUTURE PHASES**

- Require engagement to define direction of software
- Wider consultation with EO stakeholder community:
  - Software Users
  - Policy Setters
  - Safety Regulators
  - Etc.
- If you have an idea, get in touch.



Image taken from consultantsreview.com[6]

Email: AusDefence@ThorntonTomasetti.com

#### **FDESLT SUMMARY**

#### Phase 0

Pre-2023

 Define Tool Requirements

#### Phase 1

Q3 2023 – Q1 2024

Deliver Min. Viable Capability

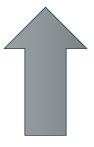
## Phase 2 Current

 Deliver current phase goals

We are here

# Future Phases Q2 2025 onwards

 Require stakeholder input now



We are <u>progressing</u> to here

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Australian Department of Defence Directorate Ordnance Safety, 2024, DEOP101 Defence Explosive Ordnance Publication 101.
- 2. Munitions Safety Information Analysis Centre, 2023. AASTP-1: NATO Guidelines for the Storage of Military Ammunition and Explosives, ed. C ver. 1, NATO Standardization Office, Brussels, Belgium
- 3. Munitions Safety Information Analysis Centre, 2016. AASTP-5: NATO Guidelines for the Storage, Maintenance and Transport of Ammunition on Deployed Missions or Operations, ed. 1 ver. 3, NATO Standardization Office, Brussels, Belgium
- Department of Defence, 2024. Work Health and Safety Risk Matrix, accessed from: <a href="http://drnet/People/WHS/SafetyMan/risk/Pages/WHS-Risk-Matrix.aspx">http://drnet/People/WHS/SafetyMan/risk/Pages/WHS-Risk-Matrix.aspx</a> on 18OCT2024
- 5. Munitions Safety Information Analysis Centre, 2016. AASTP-5: NATO Guidelines for the Storage, Maintenance and Transport of Ammunition on Deployed Missions or Operations, ed. 1 ver. 3, NATO Standardization Office, Brussels, Belgium
- 6. ConsultantsReview.Com, 2024. accessed from: <a href="https://www.consultantsreview.com/news/what-is-the-importance-of-having-a-business-consultant-nwid-1065.html#google\_vignette">https://www.consultantsreview.com/news/what-is-the-importance-of-having-a-business-consultant-nwid-1065.html#google\_vignette</a> on 18OCT2024

#### **THANK YOU**



**Rhys Centin** 

Project Engineer RCentin@ThorntonTomasetti.com +61.3.9724.3705